

Goldstein

2.5. $L = T - V$

(?)

$$= \frac{1}{2} m \dot{x}^2 + Fx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} m (B + 2ct)^2 + Fx.$$

$$\frac{dL}{dx} = F \quad \left(\frac{dL}{dx} \right) = m\dot{x}, \quad \text{eqm: } F = m\dot{x}.$$

$$m\dot{x} = 2ctm \Rightarrow \quad \delimit{F = 2ctm,}{or \quad C = F/2tm.}$$

The boundary condition is given by $x(t=0) = 0$, thus $A=0$.
 $x(t=t_0) = a$ implies.

$$Bt_0 + Ct_0^2 = a$$

$$Bt_0 + \frac{F}{2tm} t_0^2 = a.$$

$$B = \left[a - \frac{F}{2tm} t_0^2 \right] / t_0.$$